

HORSES IN DISASTERS

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Professional







Circle of Animal Disaster Work

Demobilization

Event/Incident

Re-homing

Sheltering

Transport

Feed in Place

Shelter in Place

Mission Assignment

Assessment

Planning

Search and Rescue

Field Intake/Staging



Event/Incident











PREPARATION

- Prevention (e.g. barn fires)
- Animal identification
- Planning for disaster
- •Assessment:
 - Stay or go?
- Shelter in place
- Removal/transport







Prevention: Barn Fires (I know it's not a natural disaster, but....)





Prevention: Barn Fires

- The disaster that CAN be prevented!
- Only about 40% of horses involved in barn fires survive, and only 15% make full recoveries (return to work)
- Most common injuries are to the respiratory system (smoke inhalation and heat/burns to the respiratory epithelium) and topline (falling debris and embers from ceiling)

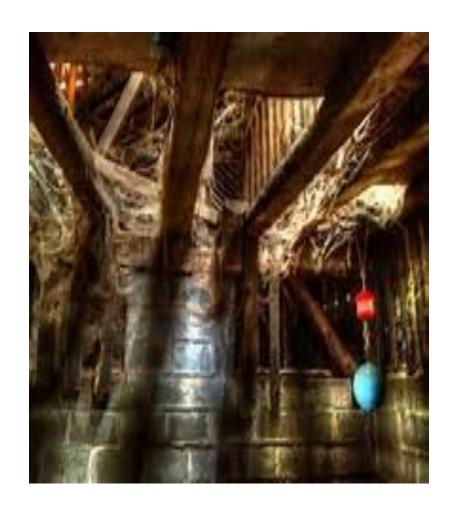






Prevention: Barn fires

- Replace all old electrical systems with new ones--inspect annually!
 Faulty wiring is the #1 cause!!
- All electrical junction boxes should be metal
- All wiring should be encased in metal conduit to prevent rodent damage
- Ditch stall fans in favor of large ceiling fans (Big Ass Fans)
- Keep heating devices away from hay/bedding
- Monitor and replace water heating devices frequently
- CLEAN!!! Cobwebs are very flammable!





Prevention: Barn Fires

•Invite your local fire department to visit your farm and assist you with identifying problems and developing a plan!

•Invest some time in Technical Large Animal Rescue

Courses (TLAER)!





•Microchips + permanent, not alterable, registered in database

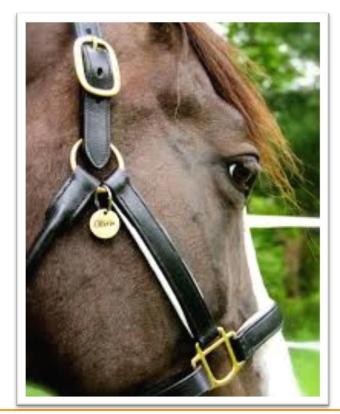
- not visible, initial cost, must get done prior

to event





- Halter tags and neck bands
- + visible, makes horse easier to catch
- removable, can get lost or caught, must have prior to event







- Body paint or clipping
- + visible (unless under water), quick/easy
- can be removed/obscured, hair grows back







Permanent marker on hoof

+ quick and easy

-difficult to see (esp. in water/mud), can be altered



Branding (freeze or hot)

- + permanent/difficult to alter, visible
- initial cost, must be done prior to event, practice is not acceptable to everyone







- Keep a file of paperwork for each horse! This should include:
 - Photos from both sides
 - Copy of current Coggins form with a full description
 - Copy of medical records
 - Copy of rescue intake documents with signatures
 - Copy of registration papers (if available)
 - Copy of microchip ID number (keep your contact info up to date!)

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•Communicate with local emergency services, flood control agencies, state and county animal rescue teams, TLAER





National Animal Rescue and Sheltering Coalition

- Formed in 2006
- Result of Lessons learned from Hurricane Katrina
- Need for additional training in incident management and ICS



Washington, DC April 11

- Communication, Coordination and Collaboration
- www.narsc.net



Voting Members









Best Friends ANIMAL SOCIETY

American Humane Association a

The nation's voice for the protection of children & animals"





General Members



















National Alliance of State Animal and Agricultural Emergency Programs (NASAAEP)

Board of Directors

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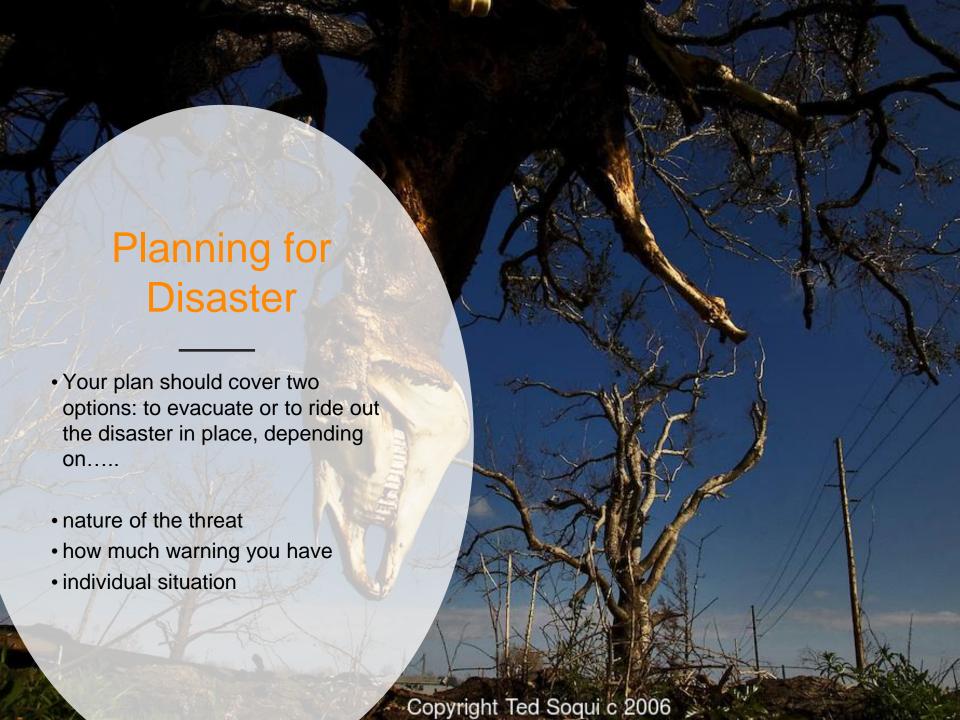
Kelle Straw

Dr. Jimmy Tickel

Foster national network of stake-holders to promote effective, all-hazards animal and agricultural emergency management

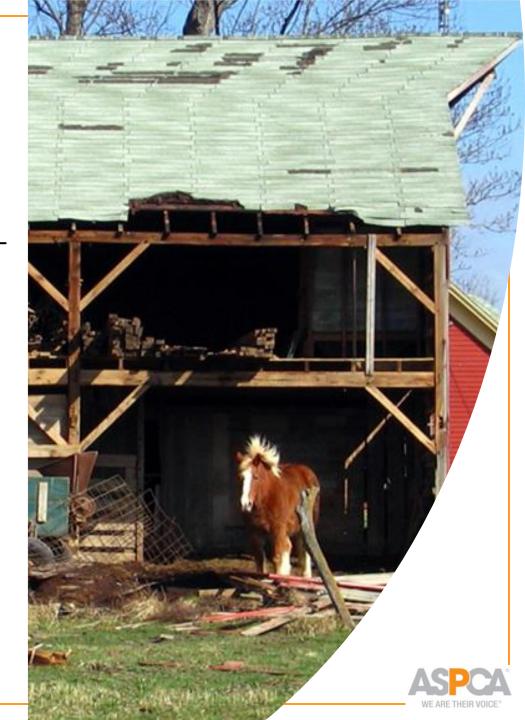
Best Practice Working Groups





 Type of disaster: hurricane, flood, wildland fire, tornado, earthquake, blizzard

* will determine what type of plans you make, and which you will follow!



Planning for Disaster: Evacuation

- •KNOW WHERE YOU ARE GOING!
 Make contacts in advance with
 places you can take the horses, and
 have several options
- Have a transport plan: will all horses go at once, or in several trips?
- Make sure your rig is road-ready at all times







Planning for Disaster: Evacuation

•If you are going to evacuate—DON'T WAIT! Traffic may leave you trapped...have alternate routes





Planning for Disaster: Evacuation



- •Transportation! Responsible horse ownership includes being able to transport your animals...
- For a rescue with multiple horses, identify volunteers able to assist with hauling
- Keep the trucks gassed up and do a weekly safety check
- Stock your rig with a disaster kit
- Water and hay for at least 2 days



Planning for Disaster: Disaster Kit

- Flashlight and batteries
- Battery-operated radio, cell phones
- Extra halters (leather or breakaway type) and lead ropes (stud chain for extra control)
- Clean towels
- •Emergency tools—chain saw, hammer and nails, wire cutter, pry bar, duct tape
- Material for quick temporary fence repairs
- Fire extinguisher
- •List of emergency contacts (veterinarians, state and county animal-welfare and emergency-response teams)
- First aid supplies for animals and humans



Planning for Disaster: First Aid Kit

- 7-10 day supply of feed and water
- Antibiotic ointment (for wounds)
- Antibiotic eye ointment
- Bandage scissors
- Bandage tape
- Betadine® (povidone-iodine) or Nolvasan® (chlorhexidine), scrub and solution
- Cotton bandage rolls
- Cotton-tipped swabs
- Elastic bandage rolls
- Eye rinse (sterile)
- Gauze pads and rolls
- Non-adherent bandage pads
- Heavy gloves (leather)
- Diet: record the diet for your animals
- Twitch
- Hoofpick

- Medications: list each animal separately, and for each medication include the drug name, dose and frequency. Minimum 2 week supply if possible. Provide veterinary and pharmacy contact information for refills.
- Isopropyl alcohol/alcohol prep pads
- Knife (sharp, all-purpose)
- Latex gloves or nonallergenic gloves
- Saline solution (for rinsing wounds)
- Sterile lubricant (water-based)
- Thermometer (digital)/stethoscope
- Tourniquets
- Tweezers/hemostat
- Clean buckets
- Consult your veterinarian about other medications you may wish to carry!



- •Whether you are evacuating or sheltering in place...
- Be sure to have a SIGNED VETERINARY CARE DIRECTIVE approving emergency care of your animals and containing emergency contact information
- Include it in your paperwork that you carry with you in case something happens to you
- Leave it posted in a prominent place if you have to leave your animals behind



- Trailer training is something we all need to work on before a disaster strikes!
- Which horses load best onto which trailer? Which horses travel best together?
- Write it into your plan and have it available for people who may be helping you!
- Remember, horses that don't load easily MAY have to be left behind!



•No one wants to be in this situation!





Planning for Disaster: Hazard Mitigation

- Clearing brush and timber away from buildings—create a fire barrier around your barns!
- Proper storage and/or disposal of building materials, farm implements, dead trees, etc.
- Anchoring barns to the ground to withstand wind
- Digging water channels to redirect water
- Keep barns, pens, etc. a safe distance from waterways
- Construct levees or permanent barriers
- Maintain roof structure soundness on all buildings
- •All toxins and flammables properly stored or disposed of

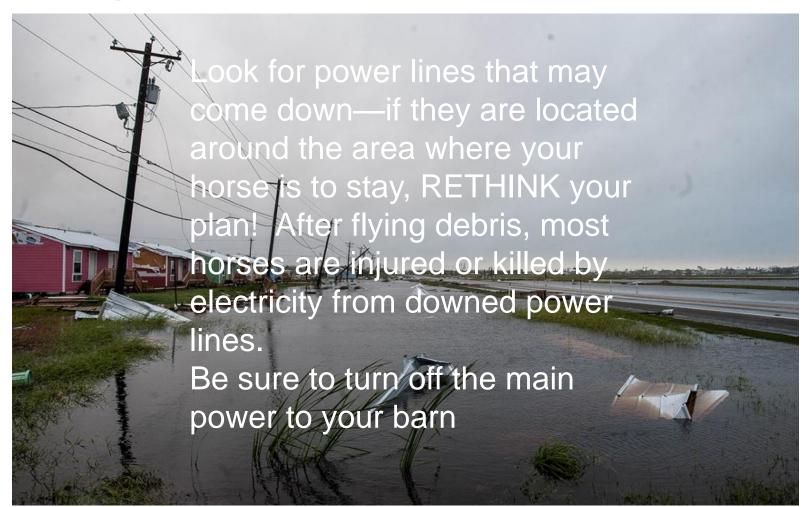


Planning for Disaster: Hazard Mitigation

•Make sure your fences are strong and in good repair



Planning for Disaster: Hazard Mitigation





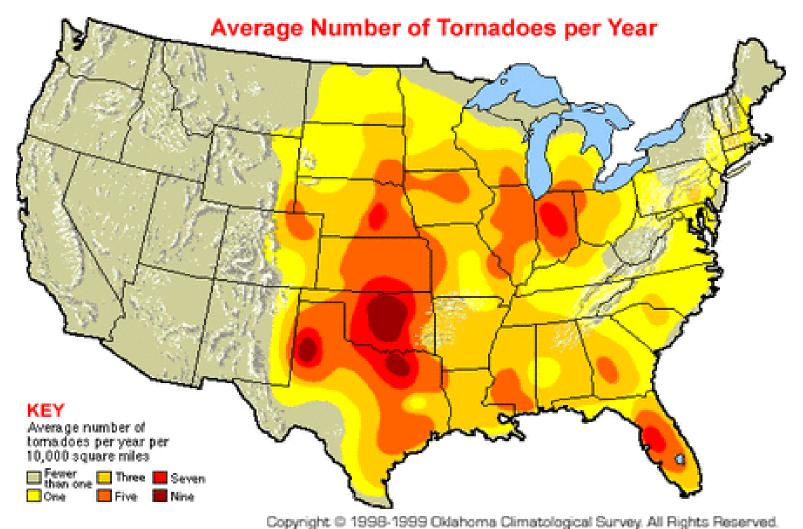
Planning for Disaster: Tornado

- The one you can't really plan for...
- Another good reason to keep everything clean, uncluttered, and up-to-par





Planning for Disaster: Tornado





Planning for Disaster: Sheltering in Place...

Animal identification is still critical

Enough hay and water for 10 days

Choose area in advance: higher pasture for flooding

large dirt/sand arena for fires

In strong hurricanes and tornadoes horses are likely safer

outdoors





Planning for disaster: Sheltering in Place

- •Horses require 1.5-2% of their body weight per day in dry matter—that means up to 20 pounds of hay per day each!
- •Horses will drink 10+ gallons of water per day—a safe amount is 18-20 gallons per day per horse

 Place hay and water in the center of the area chosen for sheltering—the middle of a sand arena or dry lot for a fire,

the top of the hill for floods







Planning for Disaster: Sheltering in Place

- Store hay in large plastic bags—one feeding per bag
- Average quality grass hay is best, to help prevent colic and laminitis
- 55 gallon drums with lids are useful for storing large amounts of water and keeping it clean
- 8-12 drops of chlorine bleach can be added per gallon of water if you are not sure of the potability



After the Event...Common Injuries

•Be prepared for the types of injuries you may see in the aftermath of a disaster

- Remember your veterinarian was likely also affected, and may not be readily available
- •Triage horses for wounds, significant lameness or limb swelling, nasal discharge or cough, ocular injuries, off-feed, lethargic, or a temperature of greater than 101.5 degrees F





After the Event: Flood

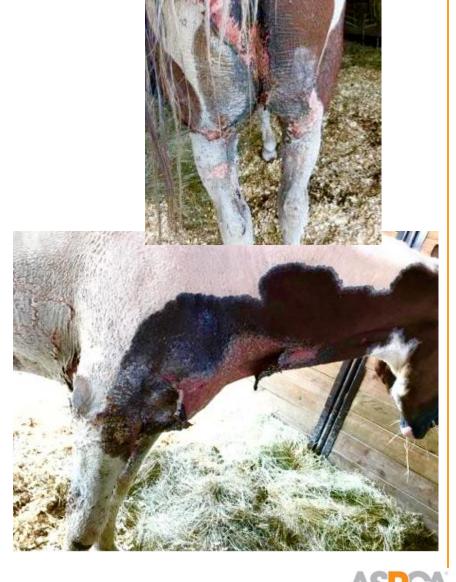




Harvey horses...

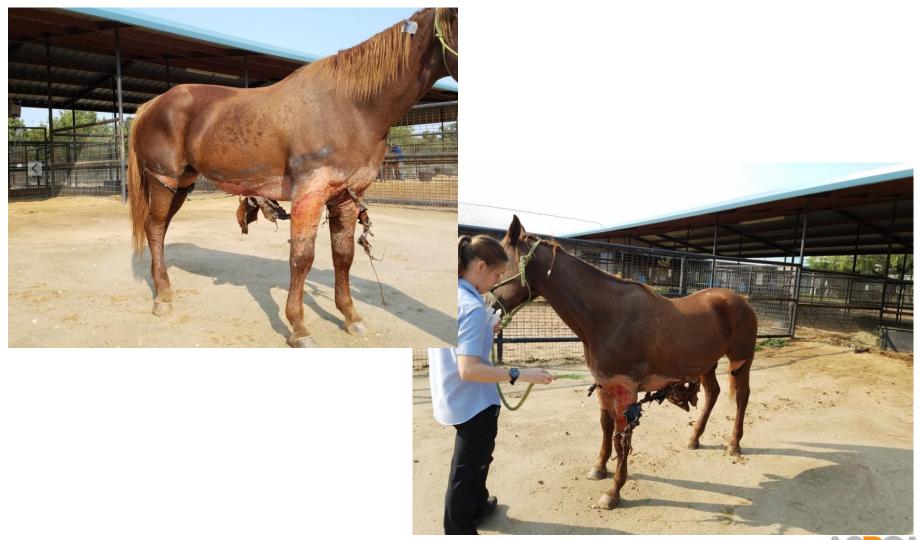
PLEASE HELP these incredible vets – Kris Anderson, DVM in Santa Fe, Texas (near Houston) and Dr. Ben Buchanan, DVM from Brazos Valley Equine Hospital – who are doing this on their own dime. Many of these 40+ horses were found wandering, owner surrendered or from owners who have been devastated and are without funds to care for their horses.

All donations will go directly to these vet hospitals and to these horses. ALSO, <u>Brazos Valley Equine Hospital</u> is large and has a backstock of supplies/antibiotics – they are currently helping many vets in the area who are not able to get supplies due to high water. *They are giving supplies away to whomever needs them.*





Harvey horses...



Harvey horses...



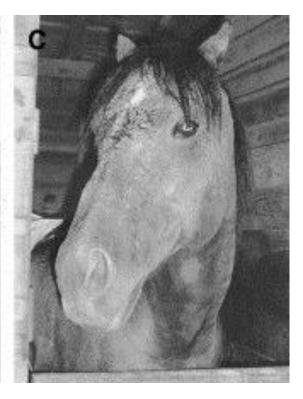


After the Event: Wildland Fires

•Burn pattern is different from barn fire—legs, chest, face









Wildland Fires





After the Event: Wildland Fires



Snow and Ice Emergencies





Snow and Ice Emergencies

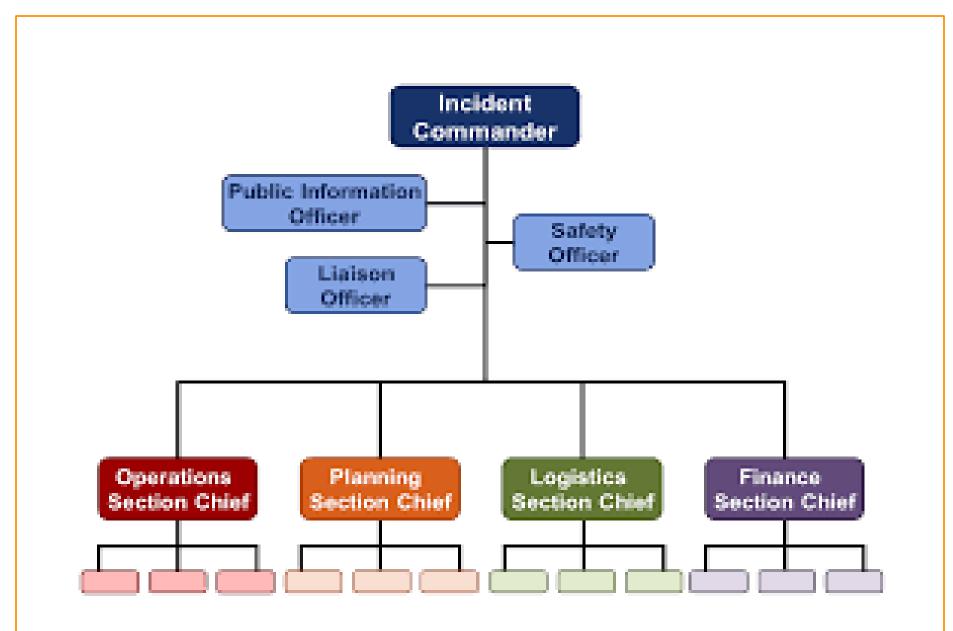


After the Event...

Search and rescue









After the Event...

Sheltering





What we want to prevent....





Be prepared....





Resources

- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) http://www.fema.gov
- IFAS Disaster Handbook http://disaster.ifas.ufl.edu
- Extension Disaster Education Network (EDEN) http://www.agctr.lsu.edu/eden

- National Agricultural Safety Database (NASD) http://www.cdc.gov/nasd
- •FEMA On-line Courses from the Emergency Management Institute (EMI) are available at no cost on the FEMA
- www.Resquip.com large animal emergency rescue equipment



Resources

- TLAER Dr. Gimenez (214) 679-3629 delphiacres@Hotmail.com www.tlaer.org
- American Veterinary Medical Association <u>www.avma.org</u>
 https://www.avma.org/public/Emergency Care/Pages/Pets-and-Disasters.
 "Saving the Whole Family" booklet
- American Association of Equine Practioners <u>www.aaep.org</u>
 Disaster preparedness information
- American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Field Investigations and Response Team www.aspca.org
 Webinars

- Fleet of Angels <u>www.fleetofangels.org</u>
 Emergency Event Management and
 Transportation of At-Risk Equines
 networking organization
- State VMAs and Animal Rescue Teams (SART)
- County Animal Rescue Teams (CART)
- DANR Guide to Disaster
 Preparedness: (pdf)
- Natural Disaster: Are You and Your Horse

Ready? http://www.thehorse.com/features/35909/natural-disaster-are-you-and-your-horse-ready

Resources

• The Horse Report on Disaster Preparedness with

videos: http://viewer.zmags.com/publi
cation/e8f9c6af#/e8f9c6af/1

 Animals in Disaster Training Courses (Western Institute for Food Safety & Security at UC

Davis): http://www.wifss.ucdavis.edu/ ?esanimals+in+Disaster+Training+Co urses

http://www.thehorse.com/articles/3966
 7/feeding-the-evacuatedhorse?utm_source=Newsletter&utm_
medium=nutrition&utm_campaign=0911-2017



Deploy with us!!!

• Fir.responder@aspca.org

Our Goal:

To do our part to build stronger, more disaster-resilient communities by enhancing their animal response capabilities





THANK YOU!

- Thanks to Homes for Horses Coalition and Cindy Gendron
- ASPCA and Field Investigations and Response Team
- All the heroes who are currently involved in disaster response and animal rescue all over the country
- Thank YOU for being here and all that you do
- The horses

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